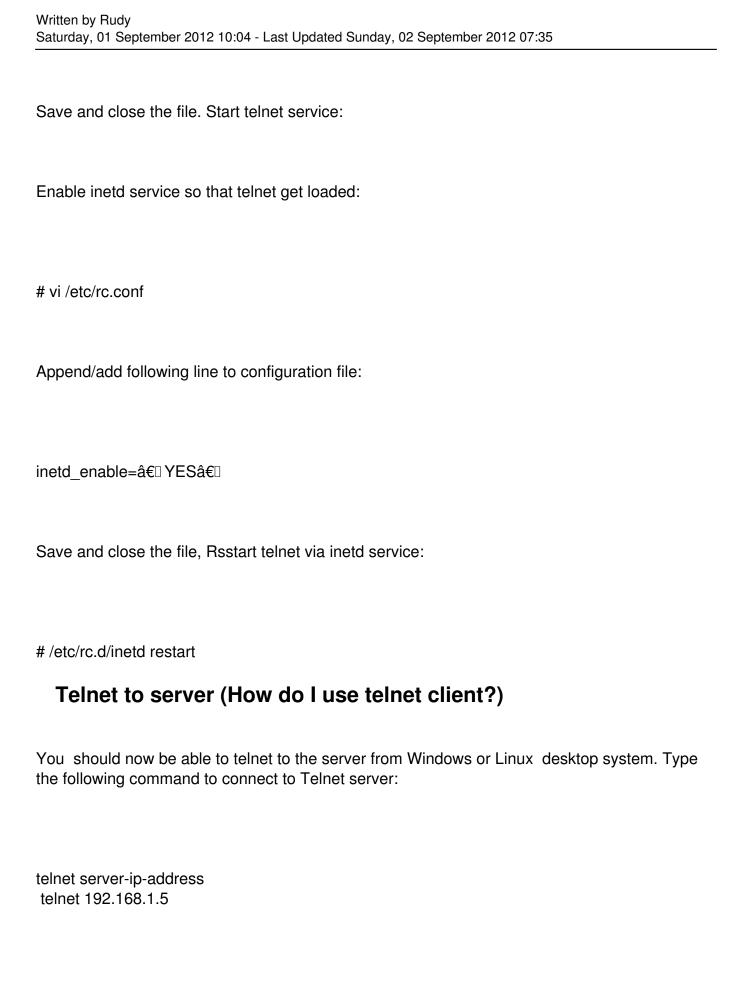
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Written by Rudy

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TELNET (TELetype NETwork) is a network protocol used on the Internet or local area network LAN connections.
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The telnetd program (telnet server) is a server which supports the DARPA telnet interactive communication protocol. Telnetd is normally invoked by the internet server inetd or xinetd for requests to connect to the telnet port as indicated by the /etc/services file. Usaually telnet listen on port TCP port 23.
Telnet in is insecure protocol and it is recommended that you use ssh server. But some time you really need telnet then first install telnet server as according to version of Linux distribution.
Telnet server installation WARNING! Installing telnet open your computer to unencrypted network communication, which is a bad idea. If possible avoid telnet; and use secure shell called ssh.
Debain/Ubuntu Linux user type the following command:
apt-get install telnetd
OR

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\$ sudo apt-get install telnetd
Fedora Linux user the following command:
yum install telnet-server telnet
Red Hat enterprise Linux user type the following command:
up2date telnet-server telnet
FreeBSD user type the following command: No need to install new (telnet server) package, it is installed by default (/usr/libexec/telnetd)
Configure telnet server (turn on telnet server)
Again each distribution has its own method to turn on or off telnet service; same applies to telnet UNIX/Linux server.
If you are using Red Hat / Fedora Linux The configuration file for telnet is /etc/xinetd.d/telnet. To enable telnet server you need to oper this file and make sure disable = no read as disable = yes. Alternately,
chkconfig telnet on

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To start telnet server type command:
/etc/init.d/xinetd restart
If you are using Debian Linux The configuration file for telnet is /etc/inetd.conf. By default it is enabled when you install telnet server. To start telnet server type command:
/etc/init.d/inetd restart
If you are using FreeBSD The configuration file for telnet is /etc/inetd.conf. Open file using vi text editor and uncomment line:
vi /etc/inetd.conf
Make sure commented line:
#telnet stream tcp nowait root /usr/libexec/telnetd telnetd
Read as follows:
telnet stream tcp nowait root /usr/libexec/telnetd telnetd



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The configuration file for telnet is /etc/inetd.conf. By default it is enabled when you install telnet server. To start telnet server type command:You should now be able to telnet to the server from Windows or Linux desktop system. Type the following command to connect to Telnet server