Kernel Upgrade CentOS 6

Written by BiRU
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How to update CentOS 6 kernel to version 3 or 4 from default CentOS 2.6 kernel.
Please read this article before doing any changes on your server.

Install repository having new kernels

  rpm --import https://www.elrepo.org/RPM-GPG-KEY-elrepo.org rpm -Uvh
http://www.elrepo.org/elrepo-release-6-6.el6.elrepo.noarch.rpm sed -i
"s/enabled=1/enabled=0/g" /etc/yum.repos.d/elrepo.repo

To install kernel 4

  yum --enablerepo=elrepo-kernel install kernel-ml

To install kernel 3

  yum --enablerepo=elrepo-kernel install kernel-lt

Now lets activate our newly installed kernel.
 Edit File **/etc/grub.conf** and set "**default=**" to your new kernel, this will be probably the 0.

You can count each line starting with kernel as one number starting from 0, so the first kernel
will be 0 and others +1.
 Latest installed kernel version starts from the top.

Example:
 "kernel /vmlinuz-4.3.3-1.el6.elrepo.x86_64"   will be default 0
 "kernel /vmlinuz-2.6.32-573.12.1.el6.x86_64" will be default 1
 "kernel /vmlinuz-2.6.32-504.el6.x86_64"   will be default 2

Once you have changed the **/etc/grub.conf** kernel boot configuration, you need to reboot the
server.
 When server comes back, you can check the kernel version by using command:

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uname -a

Please note that this custom kernel versions are **NOT** default in Centos 6 system and that this could cause some issues with the compatibility of server services.

We don't recommend this installations, but in some cases it's need as kernel 4 has much more performances for handling high traffic servers.

If you have a VPS server like openVZ then you can't do a kernel update, that would need to be done by your server provider.

If you need a help, you can always check our support services.